

INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

0417/12 October/November 2016

Paper 1 Written MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 100

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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Ρ	age 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0417	12
1	(a) F	Router/Broadband modem		[1]
	(b) S	Switch		[1]
	(c)	łub		[1]
	(d) E	Bridge		[1]
2	(a) 1	wo from:		
		Software is programs/set of instructions. Software controls/runs a computer system/hardware.		[2]
	(b) (i) System(s) (software)		[1]
	(i	i) For example: Operating system, file management system, utilities		[1]
	(ii	i) Application(s) (software)		[1]
	(iv	 For example: Word processor, spreadsheet, database 		[1]

3

	input (√)	output (✓)	backing storage (✓)
Motor		1	
CD-R			✓
Webcam	~		
Printer		✓	

[4]

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4

	true (✓)	false (✓)
If capital letters are used in emails, it is considered 'shouting'.	~	
You should always use coloured text and coloured backgrounds in emails.		1
You should reply to all spam emails.		✓
bcc means blind carbon copy.	✓	

4 correct answers – 2 marks

2 or 3 correct answers – 1 mark

1 correct – 0 marks

5 (a) Four from:

Real time collaboration/communication Multiple users are connected to the internet. See the same screen at all times in their web browsers Allows: texting, for example of the car details VOIP, for example, the delegates discussing the car range Full motion video to show the car being test driven

(b) Three from:

Webcams/cameras Large monitors/projector Microphones Speakers/headphone [2]

[4]

[3]

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(c) Three matched pairs from:

Power cuts/load shedding...

... can lead to parts of the video-conference shutting down.

Lip sync problems/time lag...

...this means that the picture is not running at the same speed as the sound.

Need to consider time zone implications of when to hold the video-conference...

...some participants may be video-conferencing outside of work hours/in the night. Initial cost of hardware/software...

... expensive to buy extra hardware and software

Needs reliable internet access...

...otherwise the video-conference will suffer interference/break down of signal. Difficult to stop them all talking at once/manage contributions...

... if more than one person talks at once it is difficult to hear what is said.

Difficult to manage the video-conference starts on time...

...due to time differences/setting up issues.

Difficult to keep participants on task...

...they are not in the same room so could be doing other things/not concentrating. Increased cost/time of training staff...

...The host of the conference would need training/participants may need training. Cost/time of technician/support staff...

...the support staff will need to be on hand in case of problems.

Document cannot be signed...

...there will be only one copy of the document.

Physical objects cannot be examined...

...this would need to be set up before the conference which takes time.

[6]

~
6
v

	Fixed Hard Disk (✓)	Blu-ray (√)	Magnetic Tape (✔)	Memory card (√)	
Storing a database of books in a school library	~				
Storing photographs in a digital camera				~	
Companies distributing HD movies		1			
Storing the back up of a file server			~		[4

7 (a) = IF (B3>75, "pass", "fail") 1 mark IF ()

1 mark parameter **B3**>**75**,

1 mark "pass", "fail"

Mark deducted for any additional elements down to 0 marks

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(b) Normal data is data that is within the range/right data type.			[1]
	Abnormal data is data that is outside the range/wrong type.		[1]
	Extreme data is data that is on the edge of acceptability.		[1]

8 Six from:

Examples

Advantages

Biometrics are unique...

...so others cannot sign people in/whereas with password/card systems someone else can sign you in.

Fingerprints/eyes are always with you...

...but a password/card can be lost.

Cannot be forgotten passwords can be forgotten

The user has to be present therefore more secure.

Typing in passwords can lead to errors on data entry...

...biometrics tend to be more reliable.

More difficult to forge...

...passwords can be copied/cards can be stolen.

Disadvantages

Personal liberty infringement...

...fingerprints/biometric must be stored.

Method is slower to enter system than passwords.

Equipment and setup is more expensive than producing cards.

The time taken to set up a store of fingerprints/eye prints can be a long time...

...quicker to set up a database of passwords.

If the finger is damaged/dirty it cannot be read passwords can be more reliable.

If dark glasses are worn retina cannot be read passwords are more reliable

If a voice is not understandable on a voice recognition system may not work.

Facial hair can stop facial recognition passwords are more reliable

A mark can be awarded for a reasoned conclusion

If one side of the argument i.e. all advantages/disadvantages then 3 marks max.

If both sides have been addressed but without expansions/differences then 4 marks max [6]

9 Three from:

Making a copy and giving it away to a friend or colleague without permissionMaking a copy and lending it without permissionMaking a copy and selling it without permissionMaking a copy without permission from the author/licence holderUsing a single copy with multiple simultaneous use on a networkUsing coding/images from the original copy in your own programs/modifying the original codeRenting out the original copy without permission[3]

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10 (a)	Four from:		
	Enter data into/use the interactive user interface Questions are asked by the system The user answers the questions With yes or no answers Further questions are asked based on the previous answers The inference engine compares data Compares data with that held in the knowledge base		

...using the rules base/set of rules

System produces probabilities/possible types of animal

(b) Two from:

Oil prospecting/rock classification Medical diagnosis Car engine fault diagnosis Chess Tax systems

(C)

Field Name	Validation Check
Animal_ID	Format check/Presence check
Name_of_animal	Presence check/type check/character check
Animal_endangered?	Character check/type check
Years_on_register	Range check

(d) Four from:

Three max

A header and footer may be on every page to show consistency. Don't have to type it in on every page... ...saves time

...reduces errors

Three max

What is in that section of document/title of the sub-section Author of the document The page number The version The date File name/path Company logo/name

To gain full marks candidates must have an example and explanation.

[4]

[4]

[4]

[2]

Ρά	age 7		Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0417	12
11	(a)	Product_ID		[1]
	(b)	Product_ordered		[1]
	(c)	1231		[1]
	(d)	1 mark for each correct answer 1235, 1236		[2]
	(e)	Two from:		
		(=)[Quantity]*[Unit_price] 1 mark for [Quantity] * 1 mark for [Unit_price]		[2]
12	Fou	r from:		
	An e A fo	rmula is a statement written by the user to be calculated. equation rmula can contain values/references to cells/defined names. mples =A1+B1 etc.		
	Pas Fun The A bi	nction is a piece of code designed to return specific values. s parameters/variables to functions ction has a pre-defined names in the software/reserved word. y are used inside formulas. uilt in operation mples SUM()/AVERAGE()/ NOW() etc.		
	Το ς	ain full marks candidates need to mention both a function and formula.		[4]
13	(a)	Two from: Designed to help <u>programmers/systems analysts</u> to improve a system.		
		to maintain a system. to upgrade a system.		[2]

Pa	age 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0417	12
	(b)	Four from:		
		Program coding/listing/piece of code Name of program language System flowchart Program flowchart/algorithm/pseudocode/DFD List of variables File structure Purpose of the program Purpose of the program Purpose of the system Input format or example Output format or example Hardware requirements Software requirements Sample runs/test runs Limitations of the system Known bugs Validation routines		[4]
14	(a)	Smishing		
		One from:		
		Never text back to unknown sender Never respond to any of these types of texts Never click on any links within the text message Never give out personal information in a text Don't allow your mobile phone number to be included in call lists Blocking unfamiliar texters/numbers		[1]
		Pharming:		
		One from:		
		Use <u>up to date</u> anti-virus/anti-pharming/anti-spyware software Check address bar for strange web addresses Keeping DNS servers patched and up to date Use <u>up to date</u> firewall services on DNS servers		[1]
	(b)	One from:		
		A small text file sent/downloaded to a user's web browser when they vis	sit a web site	e [1]
		Two from:		
		Store information about the visit and are used the next time the user vis Remember the user's details Remember the user's preferences Remember items a user bought Remember passwords Remember what they searched for Target products Offers a tailored experience for users	sits the site	[0]
		טוובוש מ נמווטובע באטבווכרוטב וטו עשבוש		[2]

Pa	ige S	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0417	12
5		r from:		
	Blog	g is website/Wiki is software or a website. g is a personal journal or someone's opinion/A wiki is usually objective. g has a single author/A wiki has many authors. g is based on the author's personal observations.		
		use links to websites.		
	Onl	gs are written in reverse date order/Wiki has a structure determined by co y an author can edit a blog or readers can only add comments to a blog// iny member of the group.		
6	(a)	Two from:		
		Internal restricted access network/secure network		
		Uses same protocols as the internet		
		Private network Used within an organisation eg school		
		Limited resources		[
	(b)	Two from:		
		Public network/not policed International network of networks		
		WAN/wide area network		
		World wide/global/international Public information system		
		web/email/gophers/social networking/video conferencing is part of the in	iternet	
7	To l	be marked as a level of response:		
		el 3 (7–8 marks):		
		didates will address both the similarities and the differences between chills and discuss/consider different benefits/drawbacks.	eques and o	debit

The issues raised will be justified. There will be a reasoned conclusion. The information will be relevant, clear, organised and presented in a structured and coherent format.

Level 2 (4–6 marks):

Candidates will address both the similarities and the differences between cheques and debit cards and discuss/consider different benefits/drawbacks although development of some of the points will be limited to one side of the argument.

There may be a conclusion. For the most part the information will be relevant and presented in a structured and coherent format.

Level 1 (1–3 marks):

Candidates may only address one side of the argument, and give basic benefits and drawbacks. Answers may be simplistic with little or no relevance.

Level 0 (0 marks) Response with no valid content